Design, Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Nek2 Kinase Inhibitors as Antitumour Agents

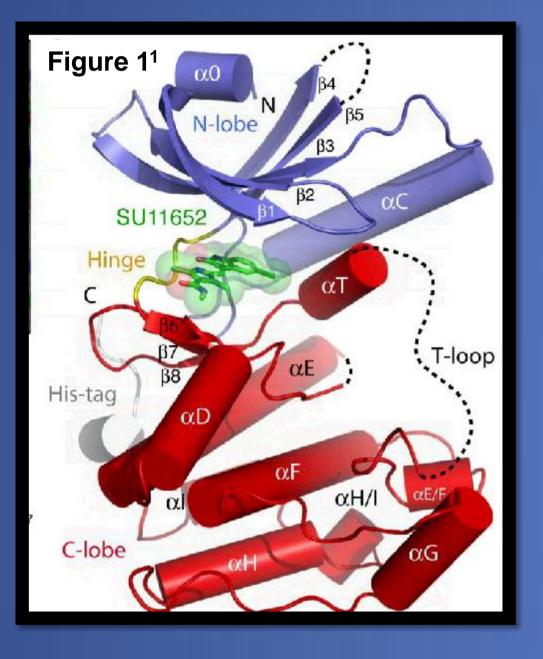
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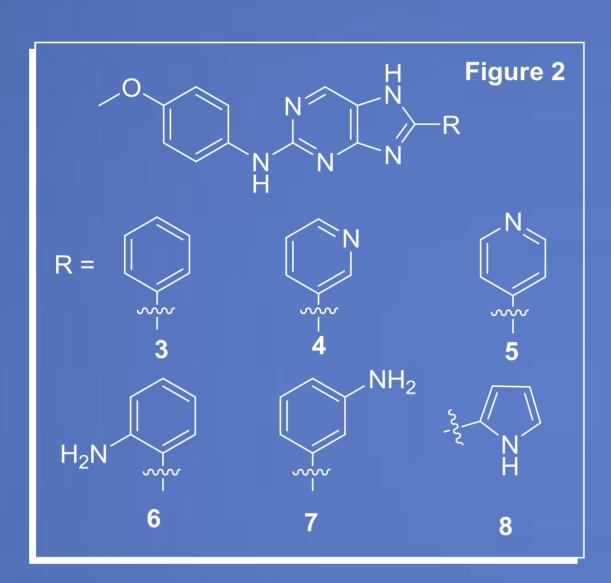
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Introduction:

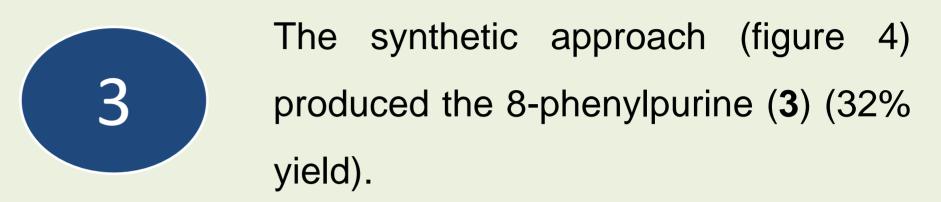
Nek2 kinase (figure 1) is an enzyme that is over-expressed in some cancers. Inhibition of Nek2 reduces tumour growth, making it a target for designing a new drug. Our aim was to synthesise six potential Nek2 inhibitors (figure 2).





The synthetic approach (figure 3) gave the bromopurines 1 and 2. Suzuki reactions were carried out on the THP-protected compound (1), but a mixture of THP-protected and deprotected products was isolated. Therefore Suzuki reactions were repeated with 2.

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$$C_5H_5B(OH)_2$$

$$Pd(OAc)_2$$

$$Cs_2CO_3$$

$$dppf$$

$$MeCN:H_2O 3:1$$

$$MW 140^{\circ}C 2min$$

$$dpf = 1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene$$

$$Figure 4$$

Pyridine derivatives 4 and 5 were obtained in low yields (figure 5), whilst attempts to obtain the pyrrole derivative (8) failed. Treatment of 2 with several amines produced 9 and 10 (figure 6).

Conclusion:

The original targets proved challenging to synthesise. The phenyl compound (3) was isolated, as was an 8-oxo guanine species. Suitable conditions for four other targets were determined. Compounds that were successfully produced and characterised, will be tested for their inhibitory activity against the Nek2 kinase.